

A2
Conclude

rotor in such a way that the said guide combination can be positioned into forward and backward position.

A3

15. (Amended) Device according to claim 11, with the said guide combinations being manually adjustable attached to the rotor at a location essentially between said combined guide members.

16. (Amended) Device according to claim 1, the said guide faces being not of straight design at least in longitudinal direction.

A4

21. (Amended) Device according to claim 17, with the said impact combination being movable supported by the said rotor in such a way that the said impact combination can be positioned into forward and backward position.

A5

26. (Amended) Device according to claim 5, the said impact faces being not of straight design at least in longitudinal direction.

27. (Amended) Device according to claim 5, having a super-symmetric configuration:

- with the said forward and the said backward guide members being arranged together as guide combinations;

- with the said forward and the said backward impact members being arranged together as impact combinations.

A5 Consider
28. (Amended) Device according to claim 1, having a hollow impact ring which has a trough structure which is at least partly open along the side facing the said axis of rotation, which circular hollow impact ring is supported by said rotor and is located concentrically around the said axis of rotation at a greater radial distance from said axis of rotation than the outer edge of said guide member, in which trough structure a co-rotating autogenous bed of own material is formed.

A6
31. (Amended) Device according to claim 1, with at least one circular hollow balance ring attached to the said rotor, the centre of which said circular balance ring coincides with the said axis of rotation, which said hollow balance ring is at least partly filled with oil and contains at least one ball for reducing vibration of the said rotor.
